

# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

MILKMAID  
STERILIZED  
NATURAL  
MILK  
IS  
PURE, FRESH  
COWS MILK.

No. 16,081.

號六廿月十年四十一百九千一英

HONGKONG, MONDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1914

宣甲寅歲年三國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month

## THORNE'S

No. 4  
OLD VAT  
SCOTCH  
WHISKY.

As supplied to the House  
of Lords and House of Com-  
mons.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS  
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, Hongkong.

## WAR NEWS.

A widespread movement is on foot  
amongst American newspapers whereby  
American children will send a Christmas  
present to every boy and girl in Europe  
who are rendered fatherless through the  
war. President Wilson has approved of  
the scheme, and various ambassadors have  
promised that ships carrying the presents  
will not be molested, and will be guided  
through the mine areas.

## THE WAR SONG OF THE ALLIES.

It's a long way to Tipperary,  
It's a long way to go,  
It's a long way to Tipperary,  
To the sweetest girl I know.  
Good-by, Good-by,  
Farewell, Leicester square,  
It's a long, long way to Tipperary,  
But my heart's right there.

So sing the British soldiers in France,  
and recruits as embarking in London march  
to the song which has been adopted as the  
battle song of England's armies fighting  
those of Germany. Says the "New York  
Herald," "The Herald published the words  
and music on September 4, and great in-  
terest was aroused in America in the popular  
song. Several managers have been negotiating  
for it ever since. Mr. Charles Dillingham  
has made arrangements with Chappell  
& Co., Ltd., music publishers, whereby  
for the record price of \$2,000 he purchased  
the exclusive performing and stage rights  
in the United States of America and  
Canada. Chappell and Co., Ltd., represent  
the English version.

At least the war has made something  
popular, observes the "Herald."

## BOMBARDMENT OF RHEIMS.

The Destruction of the Ancient  
Cathedral.

The Daily Mail correspondent at Paris,  
reporting on September 22, upon the  
German destruction of a portion of Rheims,  
states: "The firing started on Saturday  
afternoon and at least 500 shells fell  
between early morning and sunset. Part of  
the city, several hundreds of yards square,  
became ignited and street after street  
became lined with blazing houses and  
shops. In the morning the burning  
splinters fell on the roof. Then the whole  
of the old timber caught fire. The  
roof of the nave and the transepts were  
routinely burning and tongues of flame leaped  
up into the towers. At the western end  
blazing piles of charred woodwork crashed  
down to the floor, where the Germans had  
accumulated great piles of straw, intending  
to use the cathedral as a hospital. The  
straw instantly ignited and the fire de-  
voured the pinnacles on the altar and con-  
fessionals. The German wounded soldiers  
in the building would certainly have been  
incinerated but for the French doctors.  
As Germans were carried out a howl of  
uncontrollable passion from the crowd went  
up and there were shouts of a sort.  
Some French soldiers among the crowd  
levelled their rifles, but the Abbé Andrieux  
sprang forward between the snarling and  
the wounded said, "Don't fire. You  
would make yourselves as guilty as they."  
When dawn broke on Sunday the famous  
monument was only an empty shell.

The bombardment of Rheims was con-  
tinued yesterday until only a few walls of  
the cathedral, which was one of the finest  
specimens of Gothic architecture,  
were left standing, and until the Hotel  
de Ville, the Museum and other public  
buildings were completely destroyed. The  
Germans intentionally directed their  
artillery fire against the principal public  
buildings and as a result several inhabitants  
of the city were killed. During the bom-  
bardment the Germans killed several of  
their own wounded, who were being tended  
with the French wounded in the cathedral,  
in the hope that the buildings would  
be spared, as the Red Cross flag was flying  
above it.

## SUNSHINE AND COMMON SENSE.

DON'T doctor your blood for rheuma-  
tism. Use an external application  
of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. In a few  
days it will get you up and out into the  
sunshine. Your nature will restore the rich  
red to your veins and your rid the  
system of this troublesome disease. For  
sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

BEST FOR INFANTS  
BEST FOR INVALIDS

A Complete Diet  
for INFANTS & INVALIDS

As Milk is one of its constituents the only other  
ingredient required is water.

Write to NESTLE FOOD CO. P.O. Box 351,  
Hongkong, for a free sample tin.

## HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO  
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.			
HONGKONG TO CANTON.		CANTON TO HONGKONG.	
MONDAY, 26th OCTOBER.			
8 A.M.	'HEUNGSHAN.'	8 A.M.	'HONAM.'
6 P.M.	'KINSHAN.'	6 P.M.	'FATSHAN.'
TUESDAY, 27th OCTOBER.			
8 A.M.	'HONAM.'	8 A.M.	'HEUNGSHAN.'
6 P.M.	'FATSHAN.'	6 P.M.	'KINSHAN.'

TUESDAY, 27th OCTOBER.			
8 A.M. 'HONAM.'		8 A.M. 'HEUNGSHAN.'	
6 P.M. 'FATSHAN.'		6 P.M. 'KINSHAN.'	

Single Fare by Night Steamer ..... \$6.00  
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 10.00  
Single Fare by Day Steamer ..... 4.00  
Return Fare by Day Steamer ..... 8.00

The attention of the travelling Public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the  
Company's vessels. Passengers arriving by Night Steamers from Canton (due at  
Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without  
extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.			
S.S. 'SUI TAI'		S.S. 'TAISHAN'	
HONGKONG TO MACAO.			
Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.			
Sundays at 8 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.			
MACAO TO HONGKONG.			
Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.			

## EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 1st NOVEMBER.

The Company's Steamship "TAISHAN,"

will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 8 A.M.  
and return from Macao at 2 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at  
7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street  
Wharf.

## FARES AS USUAL.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.	
S.S. 'SUI TAI'.	
Departures from Canton to Macao on Monday, Wednesday and Friday; at 9 A.M. Departures from Macao to Canton on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; at 12.30 P.M.	

## CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. 'SAINAM,' 588 Tons, and S.S. 'NANNING,' 595 Tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday  
and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the  
days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to  
Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers "LINYAN" and  
"SANTU." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted  
throughout by electricity. Electric fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HOTEL MANRIOS (First Floor),  
Opposite the Blake Pier.

## MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.

A SALE OF WORK

in aid of Local Charities for

Children and the Prince of

Wales Fund

will be held in the

Grounds of Government House

(by kind permission of His Excellency

the Governor)

on

SATURDAY, 31st OCTOBER

From 2 to 5 p.m.

Entrance (Only at the Garden Gate

in Upper Albert Road.)

Prices of admission Adults 30 Cts.

Children 10

All Members and Associates free

"Mrs. JURLEY'S WAXWORKS"

Toys and Fancy Articles

Ice Creams and Tea

NO CHITS TAKEN.

Hongkong, October 19, 1914.

## CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL IMPORT &  
EXPORT.

CANTON

LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL

STORE.

FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries,

Boat and Shoes.

Makers of Jewellery, Lacquers,

Crockery Ware.

'Iron-mongery, Wine and Spirits'

Foreign Cloth for gentlemen made to

order by our own tailors.

Large assortment of Chinese Silks and

Foreign Goods of every description.

All goods sold at reasonable Prices.

The Cheapest and Best place in Canton &

Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign

Goods.

505 PAT DOO STREET,

TEL. No. 1408. CANTON and

Nos. 237, 239, Des Vaux Road

and No. 120, Crossways Road Central.

Tel. No. 811. Hongkong.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

## THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG, LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE-  
MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,  
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.  
WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE  
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway  
Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 78' x 88' x 9' 6"

Pumps empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours.

TUBES PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement,  
providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES  
throughout the Shops, ranging up to 100 Tons.

50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR:—

JOHN I. THORNTON & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 100 H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,  
LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY  
DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the  
Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address:—'TAIKOO DOCK.' Telephone No. 215

## MEH CHEUNG ART PHOTOGRAPHER.

CHILDREN'S PHOTOS  
A  
SPECIALITY.

NOTE ADDRESS.

ICE HOUSE HONGKONG

## NEW SHIPMENT

Government guaranteed 1st Grade Butter.  
Packed specially in Australia for us. Absolutely  
Best imported. None Better quality made.  
75 cents per lb.

FOR THE BEST OF EVERYTHING PROCURABLE IN ANY 1st CLASS  
RESTAURANT IN THE EAST TRY THE

## ALEXANDRA CAFE

## THE HONGKONG HOTEL AND GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART,  
MANAGER.

## PEAK HOTEL.

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms,  
Roof Garden.

Terms—From \$5 per day Max.

Telegraph Add: 'Peascul'

P.O. PEASTER

Manager.

## GRAND HOTEL.

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION  
AND CLEANLINESS.

CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

ELECTRIC LIGHT & FANS THROUGHOUT.

F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

## GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD

## Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

## Effervescent Saline

For purifying the Blood  
and cooling the System.

## Refreshing Invigorating

PRICE \$1.00 per bottle.

## THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

## HONGKONG TURKISH BATH & TOILET CO., LD.

NOW OPEN

LADIES DAYS MONDAYS AND TUESDAYS

CHARGES:—

Turkish Bath - - - - - \$3

Electric Bath - - - - - 3

Complete Body Massage - - - - - 2

Single Bath - - - - - 75 cts.

FOR MEDICAL BATH DOCTORS' PRESCRIPTION WANTED

SPECIAL PRICES FOR VOLUNTEERS.

13 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. J. O. ESCOFFIER, Manager.

## "MUMEYA."

"While-you-wait" Photography

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH  
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH  
IN AN HOUR.

"Special terms 30% reduction for Volunteers  
and all men in uniform."

No. 8, Queen's Road Central.

TELE. No. 454.

## THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILERMAKERS, BRASS and IRON  
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have  
over thirty years' experience. We own two Shipyards and can accommodate any craft  
of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48, Crossways Road Central, Hongkong. Telephone No. 452.

Shipyards, Shum-Sai-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. K 9.

Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager

Hongkong, April 1, 1913

## Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE

BRITISH MADE



"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the  
highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present on  
the market; it fully maintains its high reputa-  
tion in food value and delicacy of flavor, and  
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."  
Medical Magazine, March, 1912

## CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes

Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN" BOURNVILLE, ENGLAND

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1907



## INTIMATIONS

## G. FALCONER &amp; CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS &amp; JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND BRACELETS, RINGS, BROOCHES,  
SILVER CUPS, TEA SETS, CIGARETTE CASES,  
etc., etc.,

AGENTS FOR

BENSON'S ENGLISH-MADE WATCHES.

HOTEL MANSIONS: OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.

## WING KEE &amp; CO.,

Nos. 47, 49 and 50, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL  
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING  
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.  
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager,  
Hongkong, August 12, 1908.

## THOS COOK &amp; SON.

TOURIST, STEAMSHIP & FORWARDING AGENTS,  
BANKERS, etc.Head Office for the Far East: 16, LEE YUEK ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.  
SHANGHAI, 2-3, FOOHROW ROAD. YOKOHAMA, 32, WATER STREET.  
MANILA—MANDA HOTEL, P. O. Box 778.TICKETS applied to EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and  
TRANS-AMERICAN RAILWAY.  
TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the World.  
BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.  
LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.  
FOREIGN EXCHANGES.

CHIEF OFFICE—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

THE KAILAN MINING  
ADMINISTRATION.

## KAIPING COAL

Now well-known throughout the East for  
STEAM RAISING, FURNACE, STEEL MAKING, SHIP'S BUNKERS, &c.,  
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

## KAIPING COKE

Competes with the best quality English Coke for  
FOUNDRY, SMELTING AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

## FIREBRICKS

## FIRECLAY,

STOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND.

OFFICES: QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG.

TEL. ADDRESS: MAISHAN, HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE: No. 869.

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD., Agents.

## INTERNATIONS

MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA  
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKA-  
SIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, YO-  
SHINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, HOJO,  
KANADA, NAMASUTA, SAYO,  
SHINNEW and KAMİYAMADA  
Collieries.AGENTS for SAKITA, & OYUBARI  
COALS.

HEAD OFFICE—TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES—

Nagasaki, Moji, Katsun,  
Wakamatsu, Otsu, Muroran,  
Bakodate, Kobe, Osaka, Kure,  
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya,  
Tsuruga, Shanghai, Hongkong,  
Hankow, Peking.TEL. ADDRESS for above: IWASAKI  
Codes:—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

## AGENCIES:

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &  
Co.MANILA: Messrs Macdonald &  
Co.SINGAPORE: Messrs Bernice Co.  
Ltd.GLASGOW: Messrs A. R. Brown  
McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For particulars apply to—

E. KATO,  
Manager,  
No. 2, PEDDER STREET,  
HONGKONG.

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

We are always in a position to  
supply you with the best obtainable  
LOCAL & AUSTRALIAN  
MEATS, SAUSAGES,  
SMOKED FISH, BACON,  
CORNED PORK,  
CORNED BEEF,  
AND WE IMPORT  
Absolutely the best Table Butter  
that money can buy.  
THE "DAISY" BRAND.

## JUIJITSU SCHOOL.

Dra YUEN ROAD CENTRAL

Individual instruction in the famous  
Japanese Art of Offense and Defence.

Hours:—6-10 A.M.; 4-10 P.M.

Instructor—J. WATANABE

3rd Grade, Kodo-Kwan, Tokio.

Assistant—K. ISHIHARA

2nd Grade, Kodo-Kwan, Tokio.

Inspection cordially invited.

Hongkong, Oct. 24, 1914.

## FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSION,

15, Morrison Hill Road.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

## TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.

8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.

10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.

11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

3.00 p.m. to 3.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS.

8.50 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. to 11.00  
p.m. every half hour.11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of  
an hour.

SUNDAYS.

7.45 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.

10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.

11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

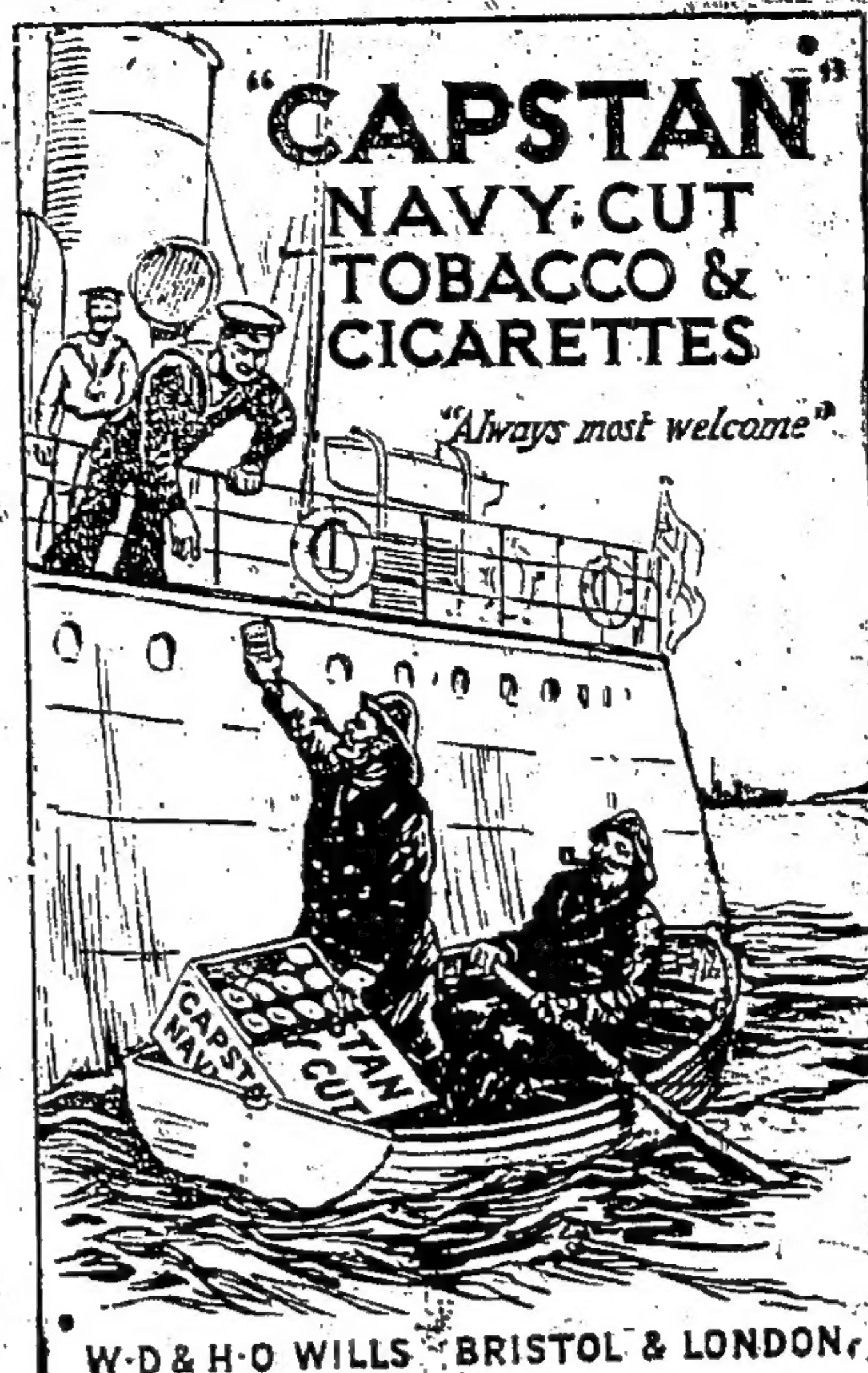
2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SUNDAYS.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, AXMINSTER BUILDING,  
Dra Yuen Road Central.JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
General Managers.If you have lost your appetite, one of  
the best varieties of dairy dishes at the  
ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt  
you.The Government is supplying free to each  
British soldier on the Continent two ounces a  
week of Wills' "Capstan" Tobacco, manufactured  
by the British-American Tobacco Company.

## MORE GERMAN LIES

MR. JOHN BURNS'S UNSPOKEN  
SPEECH.

Our "Betrayal of Culture."

England learned from our Constantinople  
correspondent on September 4,says The Times, that Mr. John Burns  
delivered a speech in the Albert Hall onAugust 11 on the downfall of the British  
Empire and some minor matters. Thenews had, it seems, reached Constantinople  
on August 31. It had reachedGermany on August 30. We have now  
received a number of German newspapersof that date—the Vossische Zeitung, the  
Deutsche Tageszeitung, and the Frank-  
furter Zeitung. The Frankfurter Zeit-  
ung has the best account of this im-  
mortal oration, and we venture to bor-  
row it.Mr. Burns, having left the Cabinet,  
according to our Frankfurt contemporary,  
felt it necessary to give his electors and  
political friends an account of his atti-  
tude towards the policy of Sir EdwardGrey and towards the abandonment of  
British neutrality "to the disadvantage  
of Germany." It is felt compelled tohave a Government which so far from  
promoting "culture," had plunged into  
an adventure which was bound to leadto the strengthening of England's natural  
enemies and to the fundamental distur-  
bance of England's economic and political  
conditions. The natural course for Eng-  
land would have been to pursue a strict  
neutrality, not because of her relations  
with Germany, but for her own sake.

Mr. Burns proceeded—

"England's greatness is manifested in  
peace. England's weakness is exhibited  
in war. We shall never be in a position  
to exert without foreign help any in-  
fluence in European and extra-European  
politics. We have never been able to do  
so. We destroyed Napoleon's fleet at  
Trafalgar, but a few days later Napoleon  
won his most glorious victory at Auster-  
litz, and threw all Europe on her knees.  
What was Napoleon's defeat at sea in  
comparison with his unparalleled victory  
on land. We gave him a pin prick, but  
notwithstanding our victory he defeated  
the whole of Europe."

GERMAN MIGHTINESS.

Mr. Burns, according to the German  
reporters, continued in this strain at  
some length, dealing with equal skill  
with the wars against Napoleon and the  
war of 1870. He went on to explain  
that if England had remained neutral she  
could have profited by both Germany and  
France, who would "both" have been  
compelled to take her exports. He pro-  
ceeded—"England staked everything on a  
Franco-Russian victory. But what if  
England's troops are beaten, together  
with the French. What if the news of  
England's defeat and England's weak-  
ness leaks out to the Colonies, which  
have really nothing in common with  
the Mother Country, and perhaps are  
waiting for some opportunity to fall away  
from her? What if France does not  
win? Enormous possessions are then  
lost, and British loss of influence on the  
policy of the Continent cannot for cen-  
turies be recovered, because the influence  
of Germany, in association with her Aus-  
trian ally, would become so immense that  
Germany would let no power on earth  
interfere further with the construction of  
her Navy. Germany's industries are  
strong, and they cannot be weakened  
even by an unsuccessful war. A people  
so powerful, and so conscious of its  
strength as the German people can be  
bound in no fetters that can be forged.  
With unparalleled self-sacrifice—even if  
the poorest labourer had to produce the  
last penny from his pocket—if we dis-troyed the German Navy, Germany would  
create a Navy twice as big, three times  
as strong."Mr. Burns then plunged again into  
Prussian history, in order to show how  
England had been betrayed by Germany.He then skimmed lightly over the fero-  
cious character of England's friendship  
with France, and came to the more seri-  
ous problem of Modern opinion. This,  
no doubt, was why his speech reached  
Constantinople so soon.

ENGLAND'S GAMBLE.

He remembered how the Emperor  
William, when he went to Tangier, Mr.  
Burns did not mention the date, but it  
was in 1905—proclaimed himself the  
friend of the Mohammedans. He said that  
250,000,000 of them believed in this  
friendship. "True, this belief had been  
somewhat impaired by Italy's war against  
Turkey, but the present situation com-  
pelled the Turks to join Germany. Any  
influence then England might have had  
in the East was now destroyed, and with  
it English rule over many millions of  
Mohammedans. Mr. Burns then sketched  
the coming conflagration in India, and  
after a few telling phrases showing his  
intimate acquaintanceship with the East,  
concluded—"England is gambling for her exis-  
tence. To look on at the game unmoved,  
and without giving a warning of the  
possible results, would be treason to the  
English nation."

On this the Times observes—

We have dealt during the past few  
days with some of the obscurer meth-  
ods of the German press and of German  
diplomacy, and our readers can form  
their own inferences from the fact that  
Germany has now come to direct for-  
eign. The Albert Hall speech of Mr.  
John Burns was obviously composed for  
Turkish consumption, and may very well  
have been written in Constantinople  
itself. It is, however, evident that the  
same sort of stupid pressure is to be put  
upon all Powers which Germany con-  
siders to be on the outskirts of her in-  
fluence. We look with curiosity, for  
instance, to Roumania. From Sweden,  
TWOwhom Germany has for some years past  
been stirring up against "the Russian  
peril," there is already some evidence.  
The following telegram, for instance,  
appeared in some of the Berlin papers  
as coming from Stockholm on August  
28:—It is reported from an absolutely trust-  
worthy source at Hull that all Germans  
in England who are under 40 years of  
age have been placed under arrest.Some German prisoners of war who have  
been brought over from France are being  
publicly exhibited in England.There is, no doubt, much more of this  
sort of thing to come, and some of the  
German newspapers are reporting ap-  
ocryphal utterances by Sir Edward Grey  
with regard to the untrustworthy and  
unscrupulous character of Russia.MISS C PANKHURST AND  
ENGLAND'S NEED.

SUFFRAGISTS LOYAL CAMPAIGN.

After an absence from England of about  
two and a half years, spent mainly in  
Paris, Miss Christobel Pankhurst has  
returned. Recently she has been staying  
on the French coast, having quitted Paris  
about the time mobilisation began, and a  
day or two ago she crossed the Channel,  
and is now in London, cheery and energetic  
as ever. Her energy, it transpires from  
an interview granted to a representative of  
The Daily Telegraph last night, (Sept. 3)  
is about to be launched in a direction  
which will have the approval and support  
of every patriotic Englishman and Eng-  
lishwoman, whatever their attitude is in regard  
to the Suffragist movement, now in abey-  
ance. Miss Pankhurst is thoroughly im-  
pressed with the momentous issues involved  
in the present terrible struggle, and it is  
to be her primary object, and that of others  
with whom she is working, to inspire the  
spirit of patriotism throughout the country.Concerning the position of the Women's  
Social and Political Union with regard to  
the war she remarked—"We feel that the best thing we can do  
is to try and put the case to others as we  
women see it ourselves. The people of  
this country must be made to realise that  
this is a life and death struggle, and that  
the success of the Germans would be disas-  
trous for the civilisation of the world, let  
alone for the British Empire. All every-  
thing—that we women have been fighting  
for and treasure would disappear in the  
event of a German victory. The Germans  
are playing the part of savages, overriding  
every principle of humanity and morality,  
and taking us back to the manners and  
methods of the dark ages."

FAITH IN THE FUTURE.

"Although we militant women are mar-  
tial women, we do not believe in war as a  
principle. The Germans do. But we  
think that when a country has great pos-  
sessions and great responsibilities it ought  
to be strong enough to defend those  
possessions and fulfil those responsibilities.  
The only way to deal with a nation like the  
Germans is to be able to compel peace. It  
is not now merely a question of getting  
every Englishman, Scotsman, Irishman,  
and Welshman into the fighting ranks, but  
of raising the temper of the people as a  
whole—to instil thoroughly into them the  
fact that we must win.""Among certain people there is a sort of  
idea that present events form part of  
evolution—that it is ordained that Germany  
shall supplant England. We suffragists do  
not by any means agree with that. We  
do not feel that Great Britain is in any  
sense decadent. On the contrary, we are  
tremendously conscious of strength and  
freshness. We feel that the future is ours;  
that there is a great future before our  
country; that in this tremendous crisis we  
must all be as strong as we can.""So we are going to have a series of big  
meetings in London and the provinces,  
particularly the industrial districts, includ-  
ing Leicester, which is represented by Mr.  
Barnes Macdonald, and to the first, to be  
held in the London Opera House, next  
Tuesday night, I shall be one of the  
speakers. Men will be particularly invited  
to these meetings, and tickets for the  
Opera House will be obtainable at  
Kingsway House."

DUTY FIRST.

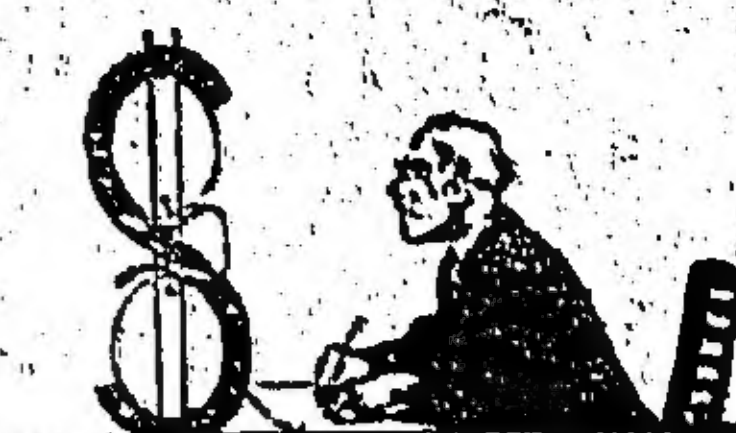
Miss Pankhurst then related her per-  
sonal impression of the people, and particu-  
larly women, of Belgium and France."We feel it is a great honour," she said,  
"to fight side by side with Belgium and  
France. Belgium appeals very much to the  
women of the Women's Social and  
Political Union. When this war began the  
Belgian people did not ask themselves  
whether they were strong enough to win;  
they only thing they considered was whether  
their honour was at stake, and whether it  
was their duty to fight.""As to the French people, anybody who  
has lived amongst them comes away with  
an unbounded admiration for them. Their  
temper in this crisis is magnificent. They  
are intensely brave and calm. I have seen  
innumerable men going to the front cheer-  
fully and bravely, ready to take their  
share in the strife, and I have seen the  
women bidding them "good-bye," and then  
turning to do the home work that faces  
them. The women of France are a  
great economic asset. It is a great factor  
in this war that while the men are away  
the women are able to keep their industries  
going. They know much about the coun-  
try, and they are helping in the harvest,  
and they are doing their very best."

INTERESTING PATRIOTISM.

"It was hard to be an Englishwoman in  
France in the first few days when the war  
broke out, for the question was put on  
every hand, 'Will the English help us?'  
When it was known England was prepared  
to join them there was gladness. You feel  
so strongly in France that this is a war for  
defence. There was no emotionalism when  
the word was known, but the spirit of  
determination was everywhere to be seen.  
The last person I spoke to was a working  
woman whose husband had gone to the  
front, and who was left with three children.  
She spoke to me of what her country meant  
to her. The thought of death for her  
country seemed as nothing. 'Amongst all  
classes, rich and poor, you find this love of  
country. Even in Brittany, far from the  
actual fighting, in spirit the people were at  
the front. The daily Telegraph is  
extraordinary.'—The Daily Telegraph.DIPHTHERIA—HOW IT MAY BE  
AVOIDED.DIPHTHERIA is usually contracted  
when the child has cold. The cold  
purges the child's system for the recep-  
tion and development of the diphtheria  
germs. When there are cases of diphtheria  
in the neighbourhood children that have  
colds should be kept at home and off the  
streets until recovered. Give them Cham-  
berlain's Cough Remedy and they will not  
have to remain at home long. It also cleans  
out the culture beds, which form in a  
child's throat when it has a cold, and  
minimizes the risk of contracting diphtheria  
disease. For sale by all Chemists and  
Druggists.COUGHING INTO  
CONSUMPTION"Only a Cough" but you stop  
it while it is ONLY a cough.WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUNDThe finest preparation made  
for combating severe coughs.CURES any cough that is  
only a cough. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

BOTTLES: \$1.25 and \$2.25.



## THE DOLLAR MARK

never obscures our idea of  
eye-glass service—the first  
consideration here is perfect  
satisfaction in glasses and  
our patrons never find reason  
to complain of our charges.We use every scientifi-  
c method of value in  
testing the sight.FOR ALL EYE TROUBLES  
CONSULT US.CLARK & Co.  
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS  
YORK BLDG., CHATER RD.  
HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, May 25, 1914.

## INTIMATIONS

ITALIAN CONVENT  
BAZAARSaturday, 24th October, 1914,  
and following days,  
Commencing each day at 10 a.m.Ladies' Dresses, Children's  
Frocks, Table Covers,  
Handkerchiefs,  
Boys' Jerseys, Babies' Robes,  
In a large variety of style.The CHILDREN'S BAZAAR is a  
special feature of this year's  
sale.A Visit to the Convent during the  
Bazaar will afford a rare opportunity  
of getting an insight into the educational  
value of the Industrial Section of the  
School, wherein the technical training of  
hundreds of orphan girls is being con-  
ducted from day to day.

Hongkong, October 17, 1914.

## HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING  
of the above Club will be held at  
the Pavilion on WEDNESDAY the 28th  
instant at 5.30 p.m. for the purpose of  
receiving the Report of the Committee  
and adopting the accounts for the year  
ending 31st August, 1914.By Order,  
P. M. HODGSON,  
Secretary.

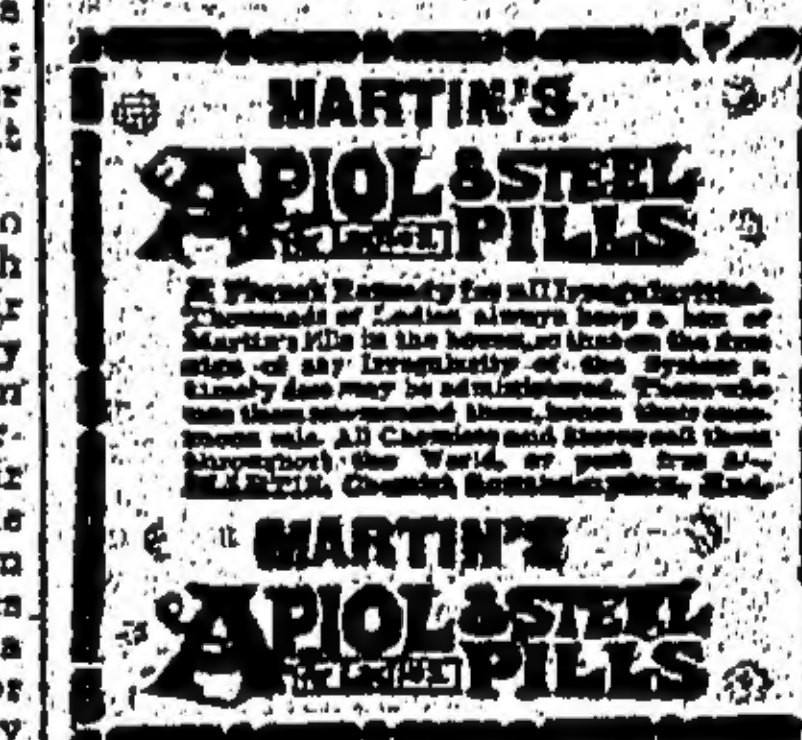
Hongkong, October 21, 1914.

## NOTICE.

W. &amp; A. GILBEY'S WINES &amp; SPIRITS.

A. S. WATSON & Co. Limited  
have been appointed  
AGENTS for Messrs. W. & A. Gilbey's  
Wines and Spirits.A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd.  
Hongkong, Oct. 22, 1914.

1114



## PATELL &amp; CO.

Exporters &amp; Importers

General Merchants

and

Commission Agents.

HONGKONG, CANTON,

SHANGHAI AND

HANKOW

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY:

THERAPION No. 1

THERAPION No. 2

THERAPION No. 3

THERAPION No. 4

THERAPION No. 5

THERAPION No. 6

THERAPION No. 7

THERAPION No. 8

THERAPION No. 9

THERAPION No. 10

THERAPION No. 11

THERAPION No. 12

THERAPION No. 13

THERAPION No. 14

THERAPION No. 15

THERAPION No. 16

THERAPION No. 17

THERAPION No. 18

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THERAPION No. 20

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THERAPION No. 23

THERAPION No. 24

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THERAPION No. 27

THERAPION No. 28

THERAPION No. 29

THERAPION No. 30

THERAPION No. 31

THERAPION No. 32

THERAPION No. 33











## BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

## THE WAR.

LATEST NEWS FROM FRANCE  
AND BELGIUM.GERMANS REINFORCED IN  
BELGIUM.500 BRITISH TROOPS  
CAPTURED.

## FIGHTING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

## TURKEY AGAIN DECLARES HER NEUTRALITY.

## MORE GERMAN BATTERIES DESTROYED.

LONDON, Oct. 25, 7 p.m.

A Paris *communiqué* states that no change has occurred from the North Sea to Arras.

Our positions in the Argonne district are being maintained under conditions similar to those reported yesterday.

Our field-guns on the heights of the Meuse destroyed three more German batteries including one large calibre.

## FIGHTING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

## Maritz's Force Defeated.

LONDON, Oct. 25, 1.5 p.m.

A telegram from Pretoria states that Maritz attacked Keimoes with his whole force. The Garrison held the enemy off. Reinforced, the enemy was then driven back.

Our casualties are small.

The Union troops behaved gallantly.

Maritz's force was probably over 1,000 and included several German, eight guns and four machine-guns.

## A GERMAN ADVANCE IN BELGIUM.

LONDON, Oct. 25, 10.35 p.m.

A German official report states that further strong German forces crossed the Yser on the 24th inst.

After heavy fighting, the Allies were reinforced to the east of Ypres, but the Germans advanced several points and captured 500 British.

The Germans still occupy Roulers, a town of some 25,000 inhabitants in West Flanders.

## BRITISH NAVAL OPERATIONS OFF BELGIAN COAST.

## Heavy Losses To The Germans.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 6.10 p.m.

The Admiralty announces that throughout yesterday monitors and other British warships co-operated with the Belgian Army. All the German attacks at Nieuport have been repulsed. The Naval fire, which enfiladed the German lines, caused heavy losses, as prisoners testify. We also bombarded the German batteries at Ostend.

Rear-Admiral Hood now has a fine flotilla of suitable vessels which are not of great value to the Fleet. The warships were persistently attacked by a submarine, torpedoing the Wildfire and the Myrmidon. We again drove off the submarine.

Naval aeroplanes and balloons directed the fire of the warships. We suffered no losses.

## TURKEY TO MAINTAIN HER NEUTRALITY.

LONDON, Oct. 25, 7.30 p.m.

A telegram from Constantinople states that with the increasing favourable military situation of the Allies and the Russian victory, German pressure to induce Turkey to participate in the war is becoming greater. The Porte, however, continues to assure the entente Ambassadors that Turkey will not abandon her neutrality.

The Germans have issued a circular on the fall of Warsaw.

## THE SINKING OF THE "TAKACHINO."

Mr. S. Imai, Consul-General for Japan at Hongkong, kindly sends us the following official news relative to the sinking of the Japanese cruiser "Takachino" off Tsingtao on the 17th inst.

"The sinking of our cruiser, the 'Takachino,' is believed to have been caused by an explosion of the magazine hit by torpedo shot from the German destroyer 'S 90.' As told by three survivors, the sailors of the sinking cruiser, while drifting, chanted the national anthem or military songs, from which fact we may learn how composed they were to the brink of death."

## RUSSIANS PURSUING THE RETREATING GERMANS.

## Severe Battle In Progress.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 12.50 a.m.

A Petrograd statement says that the vigorous offensive taken by the Russian armies which are crossing the Vistula on the broad front is meeting with no resistance from the Germans, who continue to retreat.

A further official message from Petrograd states that in the trenches under Ivangrad the Russians captured a large quantity of munitions which had been abandoned by the German Reserve Guard Corps in their precipitate retreat.

The Austrian armies continue to fight desperately on the Vistula above Solts and on the San, and particularly south of Przemyśl.

LONDON, Oct. 25, 2.25 a.m.

A Petrograd *communiqué* says that the Russians beyond the Vistula are on the heels of the enemy's retreating armies.

The Germans northward of the River Pilzitz, offering a poor resistance, were driven back as far as Skersnitz.

Southward of the River Pilzitz a severe battle is proceeding with the Austrians and Germans along a front of 25 miles.

The Austrians are still endeavouring to hold the Vistula above the River Banks, but the Russians are crossing.

## REVIEW OF RECENT FIGHTING.

## The Eye-Witness Statement.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 11.30 a.m.

The Headquarters' Eye-witness, continuing his narrative to the 17th inst., says that despite the trying nature of the fighting and the rain the troops are

## BY TELEGRAPH.

very fit and in fact are steadily advancing. The enemy giving way proved a most welcome and inspiring change after some weeks of monotony in the trenches.

German prisoners report that their advanced troops are short of food and exhausted by continual outpost work, whereas the British can afford to give their troops more rest and plenty of good food. Many of the Germans have only two months' service.

Nevertheless, the enemy in the front is fighting well and skilfully, and showing considerable powers of endurance.

As the campaign proceeds the tendency of the Germans to rely on their splendid war material, with which they are so amply provided, rather than on the employment of masses of men, has been more and more marked.

There are now indications, however, that their supply of war material is not inexhaustible. There have been various evidences that they have been obliged to have recourse to old models of rifles and guns.

## THE FIGHTING IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 12.55 a.m.

An official Paris *communiqué* issued at 11 o'clock in the evening stated that the situation on the Left Wing was generally unchanged.

The action has continued with great violence, particularly around Arras, La Bassée, and Armentières. The Allies lost ground at some points around La Bassée, but gained ground east of Armentières.

Generally speaking at this part of the front the situation remains unchanged. North of the Aisne our artillery destroyed three of the German batteries.

4.40 p.m.

Today's Paris *communiqué* says:—

On the Left the battle continues. The enemy made progress north of Dignau and around La Bassée.

We advanced very appreciably east of Nieuport, in the region of Langemarck, and in the country between Armentières and Lille.

There has been here inevitable fluctuations in the fighting line, which, on the whole, is being held.

On the rest of the front several day and night attacks by the Germans have been repulsed.

We made slight progress at several points, and in Weverre our advance continued in the direction of the forest of Montinière and Le Preire Forest.

6.30 p.m.

Another *communiqué* says:—

Contrary to German official statements, we have retained a large part of the ground conquered south of Thioncourt.

The Germans asked for an armistice to bury their dead, but we refused.

Resuming the offensive, we made fresh progress.

LONDON, Oct. 25, 1.10 a.m.

A *communiqué* issued in Paris at midnight says:—

From the sea to the south of Arras violent attacks by the Germans have been everywhere repulsed.

We captured in Argonne the village of Melcourt, commanding the main four valleys to the valley of the Aisne.

There is nothing to report elsewhere.

## ALLIES SHIPS SEARCHING FOR GERMAN CRUISERS.

## An Admiralty Announcement.

LONDON, Oct. 23, 7.30 p.m.

The Admiralty announces to-night that nine German cruisers are on the high seas, and that seventy warships of the Allies are searching for them, including a number of fast British cruisers. The discovery and destruction of the enemy cruisers is a matter of time, patience and luck, owing to the vastness of the oceans and the innumerable archipelagoes.

Hitherto our vessels had a most serious and important convoy duty. Now, however, the searchers will be continually augmented, but meanwhile merchantmen must observe the Admiralty instructions which have been most effective, for out of four thousand British ships, only twenty-seven have been sunk, and insurance has dropped from five to two guineas.

In nine thousand voyages less than five per thousand ships had been interfered with. Consequently, there was no occasion for anxiety nor excuse for complaint. The position inspires confidence and satisfaction, especially as the German overseas trade has ceased.

## RAID ON BRITISH STEAMERS IN THE ATLANTIC.

LONDON, Oct. 23, 2 p.m.

A message from Las Palmas states that the steamer Crefeld has arrived with the crews of the following thirteen steamers which have been sunk by the German cruiser Karlsruhe, mostly in the Atlantic and totalling 50,000 tons:—

Highland Hope, Cervantes, Maple Branch, Strath Roy, Lyn Rowan, Cornish City, Rio Ignessa, Nieto, Maria de Larrinaga, Farn, Indrani, Pruth and Condor.

[The Karlsruhe is a protected cruiser of 4,900 tons displacement. Her main armament consists of twelve four-inch guns, and she has two submerged torpedo tubes. She is quite a new vessel, having been laid down in 1911. Her speed is not given in the reference books. Her indicated horse-power is 26,000.]

The following are the particulars of certain of the vessels so far as can be ascertained:—

Condor—Vessel of 1,958 net ton., property of New York and Pacific Steamship Co., Ltd. Built at Sunderland in 1903.

Cornish City—Apparently the property of the British and North Atlantic Steam Navigation Company.

Highland Hope—Vessel of 3,820 net ton., property of Nelson Line, Liverpool. Built at Port Glasgow in 1902.

Indrani—Vessel of 3,226 net ton., property of "Indra" Line, Ltd., Liverpool. Built at Barrow in 1904. A vessel similarly named, of 2,339 net ton., is owned by A. P. Donaldson, Glasgow.

Maria de Larrinaga—Vessel of 2,578 net ton., property of "Maria de Larrinaga" Steamship Co., Ltd., Liverpool. Built at Whiteinch in 1905.

Pruth—Vessel of 2,807 net ton., property of Mercantile Steamship Co., Ltd., London. Built at West Hartlepool in 1905.

## ANOTHER GERMAN SUBMARINE SUNK.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 4.35 p.m.

It is officially announced that the destroyer Badger rammed and sank a German submarine off the Dutch coast. The Badger's bow was somewhat damaged.

## ANOTHER COLONIAL WAR GIFT.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 6.30 p.m.

The Official Press Bureau publishes the announcement of a war gift of £5,000 by Sierra Leone, and the Colonial Secretary's (Mr. Harcourt's) letter of thanks.

## NEWFOUNDLAND CONTINGENT IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 23, 6.45 p.m.

The Official Press Bureau authorises Reuter to announce that a Newfoundland contingent has arrived in Great Britain.

## FRENCH WARSHIPS BOMBARD CAMEROON PORTS.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 11 a.m.

A telegram from Bordeaux says that French warships bombarded the ports of Compo and Kribili in the Cameroons (West Africa) from October 11th to the 14th, after twice demanding surrender without getting a reply.

## FRENCH STEAMER ASHORE.

LONDON, Oct. 24.

The French steamer Marie Henriette is ashore off Cape Barleur (east of Cherbourg) with wounded aboard. The S.O.S. signals were received at the Isle of Wight.

Another French ship is standing by.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

## LATEST NEWS FROM FRANCE.

LONDON, Oct. 25, 3 a.m.

A *communiqué* issued last night at 11 o'clock states: The action is being continued under the same conditions as during the preceding days. A very violent battle took place between Nieuport and the River Yser.

The Germans have crossed the Yser Canal between Nieuport and Dixmude.

FRENCH CONSULAR  
TELEGRAMS.

## Heavy Losses On Both Sides.

## 1,000 GERMANS TAKEN PRISONERS.

A Havre telegram dated October 24, 3.25 p.m., states that the battle continues on our Left Wing. We advanced at certain points but had to give some ground at others. We repulsed the attacks on our Right Wing, which advanced slightly.

The Germans are retreating to the south of Warsaw and to the west of Ivangrad.

On the Eastern front a very hard battle still continues.

A French Government telegram via Peking dated October 23, 12.25 p.m., states that on the 24th inst. the battle was continued on the Left Wing by the Allies. The Germans advanced at certain points especially around La Bassée and north of Dixmude.

The Allies advanced a good deal at other points viz., Armentières and Lille, Langemark and East Nieuport. Both sides sustained heavy losses, especially the enemy.

Between La Bassée and the North Sea the Allies took 1,000 German prisoners. On the 23rd, German attacks were made night and day and were repulsed at all points.

In the Weverre district our advance continued.

The French troops kept most of the ground they conquered south of Thioncourt, by a energetic forward move.

The Germans asked for an armistice, but the French Commander-in-Chief refused to grant it and resumed the attack, which resulted in a considerable advance.

Another French telegram dated Oct. 26th, 11.50 a.m., states that on the heights of the Meuse the French Field artillery destroyed three more German batteries, and one of large calibre guns.

There are no changes at the other fronts.

## OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 25.

The death is announced in London of Sir Charles Douglas.

[General Sir Charles Douglas, K.C.B., Inspector-General of the Home Forces since 1912, was born in 1850. He served with great distinction in the Afghan War, Boer War of 1890-91, and in the South African War of 1900-91.]

GARMENTS FOR THE SOLDIERS  
AND THEIR FAMILIES.

Last week 507 garments made by the women of Hongkong and Mexico were sent to the Hon. Secretary, "Queen Mary's Needlework Guild," Finsbury Court, St. James' Palace, S.W., for the soldiers at the war and their wives and families at home.

The following is a list of the garments:—

- 20 Mufflers.
- 108 Pairs socks.
- 1 Cholera belt.
- 20 Balalaeva helmets.
- 1 Cap.
- 48 Pairs cuffs.
- 1 Shawl.
- 21 Chest protectors.
- 2 Pairs bedroom slippers.
- 7 Pairs pyjamas.
- 56 Shirts.
- 58 Bed jackets.
- 88 Flannel vests.
- 13 Pairs pants.
- 8 Women's flannel petticoats.
- 21 Women's blouses.
- 1 Woman's skirt.
- 3 Women's dresses.
- 8 Women's night dresses.
- 11 Children's flannel dresses.
- 2 Children's khaki trousers and tunics.
- 2 Overall.
- 10 Pairs knickers.
- 19 Petticoats.
- 11 Boy's shirts.
- 2 Babies' bonnets.
- 3 Infants' jackets.
- 5 Children's coats.
- 2 Children's bed jackets.
- 1 Child's nightgown.
- 1 Pair bed socks.

## ALICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Allied Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donation to the funds of the Hospitals:—  
Sir Stephen's Collections ... £100

## CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN-BALM.

[THE BALM is a great remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sprains of the muscles, bruises and lacerations, as Chamberlain's Pain-Balm. It will afford a cure in less time than any other treatment. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.]

## VICTORIA THEATRE

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY

COMMENCING

TUESDAY, 27th OCTOBER

THE

GREAT DUNCAN

and his splendid  
Novelty Coy.

BOOKING DRESS CIRCLE ONLY

AT THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO.

Popular Price.

## WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW &amp; CO., LTD.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING A WIDE AND COMPREHENSIVE RANGE OF THE NEWEST DRESS MATERIALS SUITABLE FOR TAILOR MADE COSTUMES AND EVENING GOWNS. THE MOST RELIABLE MATERIALS AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

VELVETEENS.	TWEEDS.
A NEW DELIVERY OF LOUIS CORNETT VELVETEENS, CHIFFON, FINEST COLOURS: BROWN, SAGE BLUE, REBECCA AND BLACK.	AN ASSORTED RANGE OF THE NEWEST TWEEDS, SUITABLE FOR EVERY DAY WEAR.
Width 28 Inches Price 2.75 Yard.	Price 7.50 to 13.50 THE DRESS LENGTH.
PLAIN VELVETEEN IN SAGE BLUE, BROWN, GREY AND AMETHYST.	"CREPE DESIREE" SILK AND COTTON CREPE.
Width 23 Inches Price 1.65 Yard.	THE CORRECT FABRIC FOR EVENING GOWNS IN THE LATEST COLOURINGS.
SPECIAL VALUE NAVY BLUE AND BLACK VELVETEEN.	BRODERE CREPE IN THE NEWEST EVENING SHADES.
Width 23 Inches Price 1.50 Yard.	Width 44 Inches Price 2.25 Yard.

20 DES VOEUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

## Burgoyne's

THE WINES THAT MAKE

AUSTRALIA FAMOUS

Wine Growers to

H. M. The King

Claret Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$17.00
Claret Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$18.00
Burgundy Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$18.00
Burgundy Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$19.00
Hock Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$18.00
Hock Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$19.00
Chablis Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$19.00
Chablis Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$20.00

SOLE AGENTS.

Gande, Price &amp; Co., Ltd.,

Tel. No. 188

6, Queen's Road Central,

HONGKONG











**W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.**

**Kowloon Bay**

**SHIPBUILDERS AND REPAIRERS.**

VESSELS IN STEEL OR WOOD. STEAM OR MOTOR DRIVEN, TUGS  
BARGES, STEAM OR OIL LIGHTERS, LAUNCHES,  
MOTOR YACHTS AND HOUSEBOATS.

ROOFS, BRIDGES, STEEL BUILDINGS AND CONSTRUCTION WORK.  
SMART STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE OR HIRE.

SOLE AGENTS FOR KELVIN MOTORS.

A. D. C.  
THEATRE ROYAL  
1st Performance  
Nov. 7th  
"THE BLUE BIRD"  
2nd Performance  
Nov. 10th  
A Fairy Play in 5 Acts  
BY  
MAURICE MAETERLINCK  
UNDER the Distinguished Patronage of H. E. Sir F. H. MAY, K.C.M.G.,  
H. E. MAJOR-GENERAL F. H. KELLY, C.B., and Commodore R. N.  
ANSTEECHER, C.M.G. R.N.

in aid of

**THE PRINCE OF WALES FUND**

100 Performers  
50 Children  
50 Trained Birds

A special corps de ballet of 25  
Orchestra of 25 under Professor Gonzales

**Gala Night Saturday, Nov. 7th**

Prices: Dress Circle \$5.- Stalls \$4.-  
Pit Seats can now be booked at \$3.-

Second Night **TUESDAY, November 10th.**  
**Prices: Dress Circle and Stalls \$3.-**  
**Pit \$2.-** (These Seats can now be Reserved)  
**COMMENCING EACH EVENING AT 9.15 P.M. SHARP.**  
 Booking opens at **MOUTRIE'S** to holders of Advance  
 Tickets on **October 27th at 9 A.M.**  
 General Booking from **October 29th.**

quarters staff, was taken and released four times, and subjected to a bombard of shells and rifle fire. The allies advanced steadily against the Crown Prince's 1st Army Corps, which occupied the front from Fere Champonis to a point eastward of Eperony. On the night before the advance of his troops on the Sezanne-Eperony Road, the Crown Prince alerted his troops to be ready for a night attack in offensive, with the Turcos, and not with-

standing a withering fire, struggled up to the German position. Many of the allies discarded their rifles and rushed the foe armed only with bayonets.

The Germans, fighting stubbornly, retreated, but no sooner were the French within the Chateau than they came under the German snail fire. The German machine guns were close and the annihilating gun-fire drove the blacks out. They reformed in sheltered ground, and began to counter charge. With a yell the Turcos retook the Chateau and troops of the line followed. The Germans fled in confusion, leaving in their wake a trail of dead and mangled, in hours the papers went up on Monday.

Letters at 2.00 p.m.

**SHANGHAI & NORTH CHINA.**  
**(Europe via Siberia.)**  
 For ..... on Thursday, the 29th Oct  
 Registration at 2.30 p.m. "  
 Letters at 3 p.m.  
 (Telegraph Service Shanghai British Consulate, P.O. Service, Monday, 1st Nov.)

**PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, JAPAN, YOKAGAWA, HONOLULU, UNITED STATES, SOUTH AMERICAN & CANADA VIA SAN FRANCISCO.**

The Germans, for the third time, held the key to the battleship. Then the whole story was repeated. The Toros dashed into a murderous fire from the Chateau, and supports from the line regiments followed, with the result that the Germans were retired. With this final break in the center, the enemy's whole line wavered. The French pressed forward, and the Germans tumbled into swamps and abandoned forty-two gold pieces before something like a counter-charge was made. The remainder was restored from the booty.

The Parcel Post Service to the United Kingdom is in full working order in both directions by the long sea route.

The Parcel Post Service to Egypt and other countries mentioned, served by Egypt, is resumed for ordinary parcels only—

Crete, Cyprus, Greece, Syria, Turkey,

Italy, Algeria, Tunisia, Switzerland and  
(Lybia) Tripoli.

The Mail from London (via Siberia) of  
Friday, the 26th ult., is due to arrive here  
on Wednesday, on the 28th Oct.

Mails will close for :—

WEINHAUSEL CHEF. O. NEW-  
CHWANG & TIEN-SEN.

For Russia at 8 a.m. on Tuesday, the  
27th.

WEINHAUSEL AMOY & HONGKOW

October 27th. to November 2nd, 1914.

Day of Week	HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
	Hongkong Time	Height	Hongkong Mean Time	Height
Tues. 17	5.10	6.8	11.12	2.1
Wed. 18	5.20	6.8	11.24	2.1
Thurs. 19	5.30	6.8	11.36	2.1
Fri. 20	5.40	6.8	11.48	2.1
Sat. 21	5.50	6.8	12.00	2.1

For                      at noon, on Tuesday, the  
27th Oct.

**JAPAN VIA NAGASAKI VICTORIA.**  
**SEATTLE, VANCOUVER, TACOMA**  
**& UNITED KINGDOM** Via  
CANADA.

For                      Registration noon.  
Letters 1 p.m., on Tuesday, the  
27th Oct.

**HONGKONG & NORTH CHINA.**  
For                      3 p.m., on Tuesday,  
27th Oct.

**PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.**  
For                      at 3 p.m., on Tuesday, the

Mon.	1	m	82.2	6.0	2	116.2	2.5
Tues.	1	m	82.0	6.0	2	116.0	2.5
Wed.	1	m	78.0	6.8	2	112.0	2.5
Thurs.	1	m	82.5	7.2	2	120.0	2.7

HONGKONG REGISTER.			
	Previous day at 3 p.m.	On date at	
		9 a.m.	3 p.m.
Barometer	30.60	30.07	30.02
Temperature	80	78	79
Humidity	75	82	77
Direction of Wind	N	E	N

27th Oct.	Force .....	5	5	5
JOHO N., HAIPHONG & PAKHOL	Weather .....	—	0	5
Per .....	Rain .....	—	0.30	—
at 9 a.m., on Wednesday,				
the 26th Oct.				
WATOW, AMOY, SHANGHAI &				
AMOI & FUJIAN				
at 11 a.m., on Wednesday,				
the 27th Oct.				
WATOW				
Per .....				
at noon, on Wednesday,				
the 26th Oct.				
WATOW, AMOY & FORMOSA Via				
AMOI & FUJIAN				
at 11 a.m., on Wednesday,				
the 27th Oct.				

highest open air temperature on the 26th, at  
lowest open air temperature on the 27th, at  
T. F. CHANSON, Director.  
Hongkong Observatory, Oct. 26, 1914.

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the 23rd Oct.      Hongkong.